SECTION 5: END SECTION

The end section serves a human readable indication of the end of a GRIB record. It can also be used for computer verification that a complete GRIB record is available for data extraction. It should not be used as a search target since a '7777' bit combination could exist anywhere in the binary data stream.

Octet no.

1-4 '7777'

(Coded CCITT-ITA No. 5) (ASCII)

APPENDIX A

OUTLINE OF WMO BULLETIN HEADERS

USED WITH

GRIB

WMO BULLETIN HEADER

The WMO abbreviated heading is used to identify the NCEP GRIB messages; however, it is not a complete description of their content. The user is cautioned against using the header as the sole determiner of the record content; one should, of course, rely on the Product Definition Section for that purpose.

Note: In the following, a hexadecimal number is enclosed in parentheses followed by the designation "hex".

The information needed to identify the NCEP product is contained in 21 octets. The characters are encoded using the CCITT-ITA No. 5, also known (in the US) as ASCII characters, and are defined as follows:

Octet no.

Header Content

The character 'H' for GRIB bulletins sent to the NWS Family of Services, used for the WAFS program, and for general International Exchange

or

The character 'O' for oceanographic GRIB bulletins intended for general International and National Exchange and for use in the NWS AWIPS program

O

The characters 'Y' or 'Z' for meteorological GRIB bulletins intended for the NWS AWIPS program.

- A letter character specifying the type parameter as shown in Table A.1.
- A letter character specifying the grid area as defined in Table A.2.
- A letter or numeric character indicating the time difference between the reference time and valid time of the data as listed in Table A.3, i.e., the forecast length.
- Numeric characters as defined in Table A.4. Usually the pressure level, sometimes just a sequence number. Some values have special level or layer meanings.
- 7 Blank (20)hex
- 8-11 Four characters identifying the originating center. The first three characters are always 'KWB' for NCEP-produced messages. The last character is a letter specifying the NCEP model as defined in Table A.5.
- 12 Blank (20)hex
- 13-14 Two numeric characters providing the reference day of the month (01-31) of the data.
- 15-18 Four numeric characters providing the reference hour and minute of the data.

19-22 Four OPTIONAL characters: one blank (20)hex, then 'Pxx', where xx=AA, AB, AC ... AY,AZ, BA, BB, BC ... etc. Used to indicate sequential parts of a very long message that has been subdivided. The **last** part of the message will have xx=Zn, where n is the next letter in the appropriate sequence. Example: a five part message would have the parts indicated by PAA, PAB, PAC, PAD, PZE.

19-21 or 23-25 Two ASCII carriage returns and a line feed, (0D0D0A)hex. The first six characters are commonly referred to as

 $T_1 T_2 A_1 A_2 ii$

In summary...

Generic Meaning of T_1 T_2 A_1 A_2 ii:

T₁: Type of bulletin: "H" for GRIB messages for

Family of Services, WAFS, and

International Exchange;
O" for Oceanographic GRIB:

"O" for Oceanographic GRIB messages for National and International Exchange and for AWIPS GRIB messages; or

"Y" or "Z" for AWIPS GRIB messages

 T_2 : Type of data/parameter

A₁: Grid

 A_2 : Analysis or forecast hour

ii: Numeric. Usually the pressure level, sometimes just a sequence number. Some values have special level or layer meanings.

In the following tables, the columns headed AWIPS are augmentations to the common Family of Services (FOS), National, and International Exchange variables. FOS, National and International GRIB messages (with H as the initial character) draw upon the left hand columns only. National, International, and AWIPS GRIB messages (with O as the initial character) draw upon the middle column only. AWIPS GRIB messages (with Y or Z as the initial character) use letters from both the left and right columns. If each column contains entries for the same designator, the T_1 character (H, O, Y, or Z) indicates which entry to use.

TABLE A.1 TYPE PARAMETERS - T₂ (Header Octet 2)

DESIGNATOR PARAMETER

	FOS & International (H)	AWIPS (O)	AWIPS (Y or Z)
A		U-wind component at 10 m above msl	Cloud or non-conforming ICWF* parameters
В		V-wind component at 10 m above msl	Vertical Wind Shear
C	Vorticity	Total Significant Wave Height	Vorticity
D E	Total Precipitation	Depth Ice Concentration	Probability parameters
F G	Long Wave Radiation Ice The Convective Precipitation		itable water
H I	Height (geopotential)	Ice Growth Ice Convergence/Divergence	Non-convective precipitation
J	Significant Wave Height	Period of Spectral PeakPrecip of the Ocean Waves	
K	Primary Wave Period		Visibility
L	Primary Wave Direction		Soil parameters
M	Secondary Wave Period	Mean Period of Wind Waves	
N	Secondary Wave Direction	Mean direction of Wind Waves	
O	Vertical Velocity	Height of Significant Swell Waves	
P	Pressure	Mean Direction of Swell Waves	
Q		Wind Speed at 10 m above msl	Stability Index (Best 4-layer index)
R	Relative Humidity	Wind Direction at 10 m above msl	,
S	Snow	Salinity	Snow parameters
T	Air Temperature	Ocean Temperature	•
U	U Wind Component	U Current Component	U-component of storm motion V
V Wine	d Component V Curr	ent Component V-comp	ponent of storm motion W
	Ocean Temper	ature Warming Cape	
X	Surface Lifted index	Mixed Data	Surface parameters
Y	UV Index	Mean Period of Swell Waves	
Z		Refer to GRIB PDS	Helicity

^{*} Surface wind direction, surface wind speed, surface dew-point temperature, maximum surface temperature, and minimum surface temperature

TABLE A.2 GRID DESIGNATOR - A_1 (Header Octet 3)

DESIGNATOR GRID Number (See Table B)

	FOS and International (H)	AWIPS (O)	AWIPS (Y or Z)
A	. 21	228 - 2.5x2.5 deg lon/lat global grid	201 - Northern Hemisphere
В	22	218 - 12-km CONUS	218 - 12-km CONUS
C		219 - N. Hemisphere High	
		Resolution	
D	24	220 - S. Hemisphere High	
Е	25	Resolution	
E	23	221 - N. America High Resolution	
F	26	229 - 1.0x1.0 deg lon/lat	
•	20	global grid	
G	50	230 - 0.5x0.5 deg lon/lat	
		global grid	
Н		231 - 0.5x0.5 deg lon/lat 213 -	
т	27	N.H. grid	Double Resolution
I	37	232 - 1.0x1.0 deg lon/lat 202 · N.H. grid	- National CONUS
J	38	233 - 1.25x1.00 deg lon/lat	203 - National Alaska
•	30	global grid	203 Tudonar Franka
K	39	234 - 0.25x0.25 deg lon/lat	204 - National Hawaii
		ECGM regional grid	
L	40	235 - 0.50x0.50 deg lon/lat	205 - National Puerto Rico
M	I 41	global grid 238 - Western North Atlantic	226 10 km CONILIS
10.	1 41	lon/lat grid	226 - 10 km CONUS
N	42	239 - Alaska Regional	207 - Regional Alaska
- '		lon/lat grid	20, 1108101111111111111111111111111111111
O	43	244 - North Atlantic	208 - Regional Hawaii
_		Hurricane lon/lat grid	
P		251 - COFS lon/lat grid	237 - 32 km Puerto Rico grid
Q		253 - Eastern North Pacific	211 - Regional CONUS
R		Lon/lat grid 212 - Regional CONUS with	212 - Regional CONUS with
10		Double Resolution	Double Resolution
S			242 - Regional Alaska with
			11.25 km Resolution
T	61	214 - Regional Alaska with	

		Double Resolution	
U	62	215 - Regional CONUS	215 - Regional CONUS
V	63	216 - Regional Alaska	216 - Regional Alaska
W	64	J	236 - Regional CONUS
X	(Used for expen	rimental transmissions)	C
Y	_		217 - Local Alaska
Z		Refer to GRIB PDS	Refer to GRIB PDS

TABLE A.3 FORECAST HOUR DESIGNATOR - A_2 (Header Octet 4)

DESIGNATO		International (H) d AWIPS (Y)		nal, International (O) WIPS (O)	A	WIPS (Z)
A	00	hour analysis	00	hour analysis	02	hour fest
В	06	hour fest	03	hour fcst	03	44
C	12	"	06	"	04	44
D	18	"	09	"	08	44
E	24	66	12	"	09	44
F	30	"	15	"	10	44
G	36	"	18	"	14	44
Н	42	"	21	"	15	44
I	48	"	24	"	16	66
J	60	"	30	"	20	66
K	72	"	36	"	21	66
L	84	"	42	"	27	66
M	96	"	48	"	54	66
N	108	"	60	"	66	66
O	120	"	72	"	33	44
P	132	"	84	"	39	44
O	144	"	96	"	45	44
Q R	156	"	120	"	51	66
S	168	"	144	"	57	66
T	180	"	168	"	78	44
U	192	"	192	"	90	44
V	204	"	216	"	102	"
W	216	"	240	"	114	66
X	228	"	54	"		
Y	240	44	66	44		
		al purposes Refer to		PDS Refer to GRI	B PDS	

The WMO headings for Eta model products generated on grid 237 (Puerto Rico) and RUC model products generated on grid 236 (CONUS 40 km) use a special table for the FORECAST HOUR DESIGNATOR - A₂ (Header Octet 4).

This table is defined as follows:

	DESIGNATOR	FORECAST HOUR AWIPS (Y or Z)	DESIGNATOR	FORECAST HOUR AWIPS (Y or Z)
	A	00 hour analysis	N	18 hour fest
	В	01 hour fcst	O	24 hour fest
	C	02 hour fcst	P	30 hour fest
	D	03 hour fcst	Q	36 hour fest
	E	04 hour fcst	R	42 hour fest
	F	05 hour fcst	S	48 hour fest
	G	06 hour fest	T	60 hour fest
	Н	07 hour fcst	U	72 hour fest
	I	08 hour fest	V	84 hour fest
	J	09 hour fest	W	96 hour fest
	K	10 hour fest	X	108 hour fest
	L	11 hour fcst	Y	120 hour fcst
	M	12 hour fest	Z	Refer to GRIB PDS

This particular table is maintained by the NWS Office of the Chief Information Officer and can be found online at:

http://www.weather.gov/tg/tablec10.html

TABLE A.4 LEVEL DESIGNATORS - ii (Header Octets 5 and 6) (H, O, Y, or Z)

The following version of Table A.4 contains changes implemented by the WMO on November 3, 1993. All NCEP products using these level designators that were created after that date adhere to this table. However, some products that existed before November 3, 1993, have yet to be converted and therefore use the version on Page A.6. You will be notified in advance when any such product is going to be converted to use level designators from this version of table A.4.

DESIGNATOR	LEVEL or LAYER	
00 99	Entire Atmosphere 1000 hPa	
98	Air Properties at Surface of Earth	
97	Level of the tropopause	
96	Level of the maximum wind	
94	Level of 0 deg. C isotherm	
93	975 hPa	
92	925 hPa	
91	875 hPa	
89	Any parameter reduced to Sea Level	
88	Land/Water Properties at Surface of	Earth/Ocean
87	1000-500 mb thickness	
86	Boundary Layer	
82	825 hPa	
77	775 hPa	
74	Cloud top level	
72	725 hPa	
67	675 hPa	
62	625 hPa	
57 52	575 hPa	
52	525 hPa	
47 42	475 hPa	
42 37	425 hPa 375 hPa	
37	375 hPa 325 hPa	
32 27	275 hPa	
22	275 in a 225 hPa	
17	175 hPa	
12	125 hPa	
01	Refer to GRIB PDS	

Note: The following levels are used to indicate geometric height for aviation flight levels, not pressure levels

81	6000 ft FL (approximately 810 hPa)
73	9000 ft FL (approximately 730 hPa)
64	12000 ft FL (approximately 640 hPa)
51	18000 ft FL (approximately 510 hPa)

Otherwise, the designator given is the hundreds and tens digits of the hPa level in the atmosphere, e.g. 70=700hPa; 03=30hPa, etc.

TABLE A.5 MODEL IDENTIFIERS (Header Octet 11)

DESIGNATOR

NCEP MODEL

A-B	(Reserved for future use)
C	Aviation Forecast Model
D	Early Eta Model
E	Mesoscale Eta Model
F	Nested Grid Model
G	Rapid Update Cycle
Н	Medium Range Forecast Model
I	Sea Surface Temperature Analysis
J	Wind/Wave Forecast Model
K	Global Ensemble Forecasts
L	Regional Ensemble Forecasts
M	Ocean analysis models
N	Ocean forecast models
O	Merge of Models
P-Y	(Reserved for future use)
Z	Refer to GRIB PDS